CSRD Assurance in a nutshell



February 2025 -CIFAL Flanders Kick OfF











Opening and context



CSRD assurance in a nutshell



Sustainability assurance process



Recommendations







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https://www.pwc.be/en/ev entscourses/2023/sustainabilit y-audit-webinar.html Webinar

How to pass a mandatory sustainability audit



Event I December 07, 2023



Is your company in the scope of the EU Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD)? If so, you will be subject to a mandatory (limited) assurance of the sustainability information in your integrated management report, in compliance with the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS).

What does this mean in practice and how can you prepare? A nonfinancial audit will soon be mandatory for some 2800 companies in Belgium.





CSRD assurance in a nutshell

Goal - assess the quality of the sustainability disclosures:

- Relevance
- Complete
- Neutral
- Accurate



- Cherry picking
- Undue emphasis
- Omission of information



Scope - qualitative & quantitative disclosures:

- \rightarrow Assurance scope under the CSRD:
 - · Compliance with ESRS.
 - · Process used to determine the information published (double materiality assessment).
 - Compliance with the EU Taxonomy regulation.
 - Compliance with the obligation to tag information ("ESEF-like").
- \rightarrow Evolving from limited to reasonable assurance.



Steps in a sustainability assurance process

For all (quantitative & qualitative) disclosures: Gain an understanding of the company's process Via "walk-through" interviews. underlying the sustainability disclosures -Risk procedures to define a test plan Assess the risk of a material misstatement in the disclosures Validate the effectiveness of internal controls (if any) and/or Further procedures Perform substantive testing, e.g. by tracing a sample of data back to the underlying evidence. Assess its compliance with the CSRD/ESRS. Review of the sustainability reporting Verify whether the disclosures included are the same ones that we've assessed. **Assurance Report** Report with the auditor's assurance conclusion.



Steps in a sustainability assurance process

Training hours

Examples of "further procedures":

Completeness

- Have all the employees from all sites been considered?
- Have all types of training been included?

Accuracy

- Does the HR system used to collect training hours provide additional information on the type of training followed, to allow traceability?
- Are there physical/virtual training supports to confirm the nature of the training followed?

Occurrence

 Does the training that has been reported occurred and pertain to the company and its defined organisational boundary?

Cut off

 Do the training hours used by the company to calculate the KPI belong to the correct period in which they occurred?



Recommendations to pass a sustainability audit



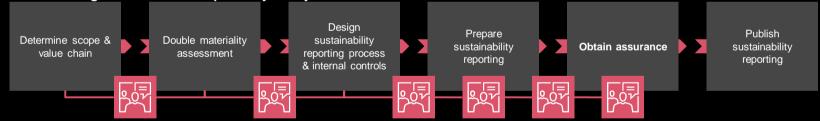
Challenge: You are confronted with a challenging time frame to become CSRD compliant.



Recommendations:

- Develop an internal **roadmap** with a detailed timeline for your CSRD-compliance journey.
- Involve your auditor from the beginning, allowing them to validate each step.

Illustrative high-level CSRD-compliance journey:



Benefits:

- Minimises unexpected challenges by avoiding surprises.
- Efficiently distributes the workload over time.
- Provides time for mitigation along the way.





Recommendations to pass a sustainability audit



Challenge: You're overwhelmed by the amount of data required for sustainability reporting and might be facing low data quality.



Recommendations:

- · Develop a sustainability-reporting manual.
 - Should cover all reporting requirements (also EU Taxonomy), and additional chosen reporting frameworks.
 - Communicate and train => ensure that KPI definitions are known within the organisation.
- · Automate data collection.
- Calculate the KPIs on a regular basis.
- Put in place internal controls.
- · Make sure to keep an audit trail.
- Ask your auditor to perform pre-assurance.





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Questions?



Thank you!



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